

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report Week 46 (November 9 – 15, 2014) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2014-2015:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ for the most current information. During week 46, influenza activity was still relatively low in the United States. Puerto Rico and five states (Alaska, Florida, Louisiana, Massachusetts and Texas) reported regional activity. Twenty-one states reported local influenza activity; 23 states, the District of Columbia and the U.S. Virgin Islands reported sporadic activity. Rhode Island reported no influenza activity and Guam did not report.

Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2014-2015:

During week 46, the seventh week of the 2014-2015 influenza season, there were 22 confirmed cases of influenza reported, including one death, among Delaware residents. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities, and institutions indicated relatively low levels of ILI in the community. Levels of ILI were below the regional baseline of 2.0%.

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, Week 46:

Local

Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with \leq four counties.

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¹ 2014-2015 Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA, and WV) baseline = 2.0%.

Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR.

Table 1a. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, **Delaware 2014-2015**

	irmed Flu Cases ubtype / Lineage	Wk 40	Wk 41	Wk 42	Wk 43	Wk 44	Wk 45	Wk 46	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ш	A / 2012 H3N2	0	1	2	1	8	9	13	34		
STATEWIDE	A / no subtype	0	0	0	2	3	7	9	21	59	
\TE	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	
ST/	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	4		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
a)	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2		
astl	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	6.8%
New Castle County	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Ne.	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
_	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		8.5%
Kent County	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3	5	
국 양	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	
× -	A / 2012 H3N2	0	1	2	0	8	9	12	32	50	
Sussex	A / no subtype	0	0	0	2	1	6	8	17		0.4.70/
Su	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		84.7%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		

Table 1b. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by age group, Delaware 2014-2015

	rmed Flu Cases ge Group	Wk 40	Wk 41	Wk 42	Wk 43	Wk 44	Wk 45	Wk 46	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
111	0-4 years	0	1	1	2	2	2	4	12		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	1	3	6	12	8	30		
ΙĒΛ	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	9	59	
TA.	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2		
0)	65+ years	0	0	0	1	1	0	4	6		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
tle /	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
New Castle County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	6.8%
e Co	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		
Z	65+ years	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	4		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1		
Kent County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	8.5%
Cor	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	1	1	0	1	1	3	7		
nty	5-24 years	0	0	1	3	6	11	8	29		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	8	50	84.7%
80	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	5		

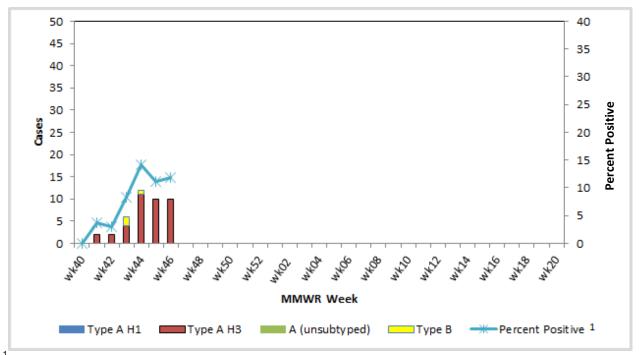
Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

MMWR Week 45 = November 9 - 15, 2014

² Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect additional cases received.

3 The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, these influenza cases will be categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.

Figure 1. Confirmed cases¹ of influenza by type and subtype/lineage, Delaware 2014-2015



¹ Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Delaware Division of Public Health.

Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations statewide and county, by age group, Delaware 2014-2015

	italized Flu s by Age Group	Wk 40	Wk 41	Wk 42	Wk 43	Wk 44	Wk 45	Wk 46	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
Ι¥	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
o o	65+ years	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	4		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ste ~	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
New Castle County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	25%
န္က လိ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
z	65+ years	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
Kent	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
ㅈ 호	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	·	
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
at Y	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		75%
တ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	3		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2014-2015

Influenza- Related	Wk	YTD						
Deaths	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	Total
Deatils	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

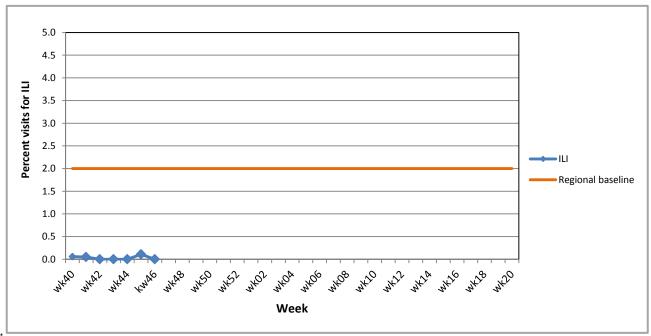
Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-2005 through 2014-2015

Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases
2004 – 2005	995
2005 – 2006	541
2006 – 2007	508
2007 – 2008	1,401
2008 – 2009	738
2009 – 2010	2,247
2010 – 2011	1,470
2011 – 2012	262
2012 – 2013	1,773
2013 – 2014	1,842
2014 – 2015 (YTD)	59

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

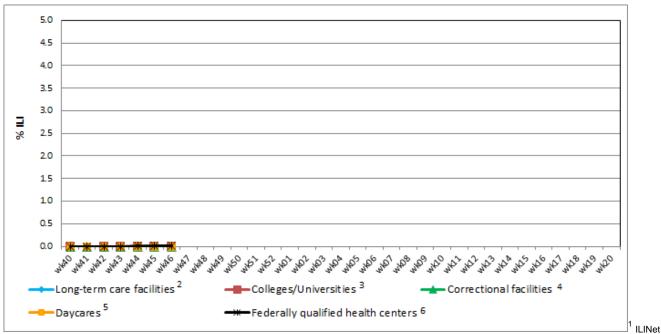
Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness reported by sentinel providers¹ participating in the U.S. Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet), Delaware 2014-2015



Six of 16 sentinel providers reported.

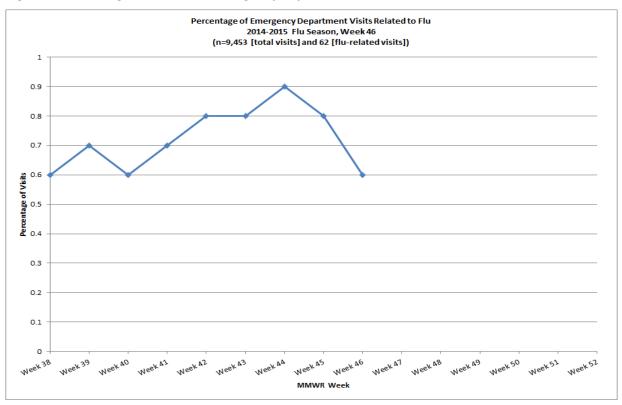
² Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is a member of Region 3 that includes DE, DC, MD, PA, VA, and WV.

Figure 3. Influenza-like illness reported by ILINet reporting partners¹, Delaware 2014-2015



reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges and universities, correctional facilities, daycare facilities and federally qualified health centers.

Figure 4. Percentage of Delaware emergency department visits related to influenza (flu)*



^{*} Two syndromes are represented in this graph. Influenza-like illness (ILI) syndrome is defined as a chief complaint with fever and cough and/or sore throat. The flu syndrome is defined as any chief complaint regarding influenza.

² % ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Seven of 20 LTCFs reported.

^{3 %} ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; Two universities reported.

^{4 %} ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Four of the 10 facilities reported.

⁵ % ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; One of 11 daycare providers reported.

⁶ % ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at FQHCs; FQHCs reporting are LaRed (Seaford & Georgetown) and Henrietta Johnson Medical Center.

⁷ The regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is part of Region 3 that also includes DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.

Summary of International Influenza Activity

Globally, influenza activity remained low, with the exception of some Pacific Islands. Influenza activity continued to increase in North America, but overall remained low. Influenza activity remains low across Europe, Africa, western and eastern Asia. In tropical Asia, influenza activity was low with influenza B predominant in Vietnam. Influenza detections remained low, with respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) causing most influenza-like illness (ILI) and severe acute respiratory infections (SARI) activity in the tropical countries of the Americas. In the southern hemisphere, influenza activity remained low except in several Pacific Islands where influenza-like-illness (ILI) activity remained high.

Reference: World Health Organization. Influenza Update. Update number 224. Retrieved from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/ on November 20, 2014. Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: The data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period as a result of the following factors:

- Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate influenza data available.

Please visit us at <u>flu.delaware.gov</u> or <u>http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html</u> for general information on the flu or specific information on DPH flu clinics.

For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology at **302-744-4990**. **NOTE: New phone number for Epi**

For questions regarding influenza vaccination information, please call 302-744-1060.