Module 5: Ethics, Rights, and Professional Practice Codes

Post Test Answers

1. The purpose of ethics codes include: (check all that apply)
   
a. To educate professionals about sound ethical conduct
b. To provide a guide to improve practices
c. To safeguard the welfare of clients
d. To protect staff

2. All professional organizations, representing licensed and unlicensed staff have ethics codes: True

3. Ethics code statements are very specific and are always easily defined: False

4. Ethics codes are based on important principles including: (check all that apply)
   
a. Beneficence
b. Non-malfeasance
c. Retribution
d. Justice

5. Violating ethics codes can: (check all the apply)
   
a. Violate the law
b. Violate the standards of practice
c. Violate the oath taken to uphold the values of the discipline
d. Commonly occur and are always ignored in health settings

6. Staff that do not have to worry about ethics codes include unlicensed staff: False

7. Typical ethics codes always include the staff members responsibilities to clients including treating all patients with respect and dignity and privacy and confidentiality of those they serve: True

8. Patients are also protected by laws and the U.S. Patient's Bill of Rights that includes being offered the opportunity to develop an advanced directive, review their medical record, to fully participate in health care decisions and to refuse treatment: True
9. Informed consent is another patient right and includes several legal parameters such as: (check all that apply)

   a. Informed consent includes providing comprehensive information in a clear manner and checking to be sure the client understands this information.

   b. Person who is giving consent to the procedure or intervention is acting of their own free will and is competent to make decisions.

   c. Informed consent does not need to be done if the patient, upon learning of side effects or adverse affects, might decide to refuse treatment.

10. Staff should always ask questions and notify their supervisor or a senior administrator if they think the patient's rights are being violated or if they are not sure. Staff should always receive a clear answer from administration on any of their concerns: True