

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report MMWR Week 52 (December 27, 2015 – January 2, 2016) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2015-2016:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ for the most current information. During MMWR Week 52 (December 27, 2015 – January 3, 2016) influenza activity increased slightly in the United States. The most frequently identified influenza virus type reported by public health laboratories during week 52 was influenza A, with influenza A (H1N1)pdm09 viruses predominating. The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories remained low. Widespread influenza activity was reported by Guam and two states (Maryland and North Carolina). Regional influenza activity was reported by six states (Connecticut, Iowa, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Pennsylvania and Virginia). Local influenza activity was reported by 13 states (Arizona, California, Kentucky, Maine, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oklahoma, Oregon, Texas, Utah and Vermont). Sporadic influenza activity was reported by the District of Columbia and two states (Alabama and Mississispipi). Puerto Rico did not report. Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2015-2016:

During MMWR Week 52, there were three laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported among Delaware residents. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities and institutions in **Delaware show ILI is 0.25%**, (baseline is 1.8%). **Nationally, ILI is 2.8%** (national baseline is 2.1%).

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, MMWR Week 52:

Sporadic

Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with < four counties.

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²⁰¹⁵⁻²⁰¹⁶ Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV) baseline = 1.8%.

Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR.

Table 1a. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, Delaware 2015-16

	onfirmed Flu es by Subtype / Lineage	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	16	
m i	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	6		
STATEWIDE	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2		
YE.	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3		
ST/	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	4		
	A / 2009 H1N1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
o o	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	5	11	68.8%
astl	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
New Castle County	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2		
ž	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	3		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		18.8%
>	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Kent County	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	
~ 양	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10.0%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
Sussex	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	•	12.5%
S လ	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	12.5%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Table 1b. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by age group, Delaware 2015-16

Cas	firmed Flu ses by Age Group	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
ш	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2		
₽ N	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	1	1	6		
STATEWIDE	25-49 years	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	16	
ΤŽ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
0,	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2		68.8%
λ if	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	4	8	
New Castle County	25-49 years	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3		
န္ ပိ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Z	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
Kent	25-49 years	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	18.8%
국 §	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
of X	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		12.5%
w 0	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

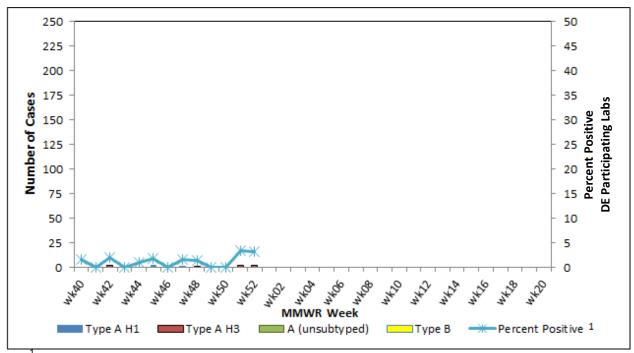
Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

MMWR Week 52 = December 27, 2015 – January 2, 2016

Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect additional cases received.

The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, those influenza cases will be categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.

Figure 1. Confirmed cases¹ of influenza by type and subtype/lineage, Delaware 2015-16*



Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Delaware Division of Public Health.

Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations statewide and county, by age group, Delaware 2015-16

Cas	oitalized Flu ses by Age Group	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	
1	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
T.	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0,	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
y the	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		
w Cast County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	100.0%
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Z	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0.0%
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Kent County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
국 호	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
ıt x	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0%
တ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2015-16

Influenza- Related	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	YTD
Deaths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

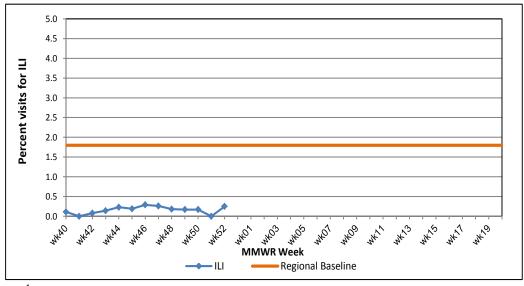
Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2015-16

Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases
2004 – 2005	995
2005 – 2006	541
2006 – 2007	508
2007 – 2008	1,401
2008 – 2009	738
2009 – 2010	2,247
2010 – 2011	1,479
2011 – 2012	267
2012 – 2013	1,781
2013 – 2014	1,842
2014 – 2015	2,390
2015 – 2016 (YTD)	16

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

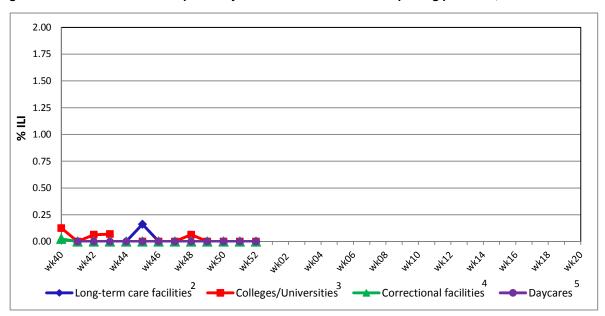
Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness reported by sentinel providers¹ participating in the U.S. Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet), Delaware 2015-16



¹ Eleven of 17 sentinel providers reported.

² Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is in Region 3 that includes DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.

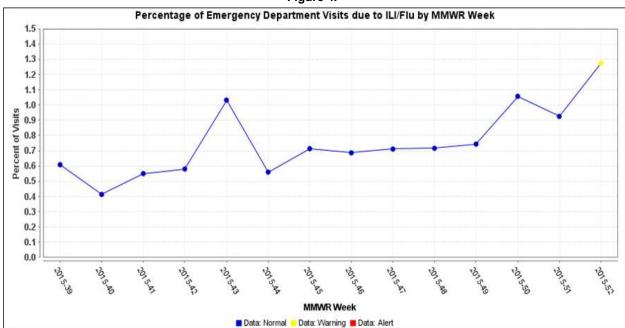
Figure 3. Influenza-like illness reported by influenza surveillance ILI reporting partners¹, Delaware 2015-16



¹ ILINet reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges / universities, correctional facilities and daycare facilities. Federally qualified health centers are now CDC ILINet sentinel providers.

5 % ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; No daycare providers reported.

Figure 4.



^{2 %} ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Seven long-term care facilities reported.

[%] ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; One university reported.

^{4 %} ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Ten correctional facilities reported.

Summary of International Influenza Activity

Globally, influenza activity generally remained low in both hemispheres. Low influenza and other respiratory virus activity was reported In North America overall. However, ILI activity continued to increase in the United States in recent weeks. Respiratory virus activity remained at low levels in tropical countries of the Americas, Central America and the Caribbean, with the exception of Costa Rica(A(H3N2)), Cuba (A(H3N2)) and Nicaragua (A(H1N1)pdm09). In Eastern and Northern Europe, there were slight increases in influenza detections in recent weeks and for the rest of Europe, influenza activity continued at low, inter-seasonal levels.

In tropical Asia, countries in South East Asia reported low influenza activity overall except Thailand where activity mainly due to B viruses continued to be reported. There were also slight increases in influenza detections in recent weeks in a few countries in Central and Northern Asia. In Eastern Asia, influenza activity continued at low, inter-seasonal levels. In southern and western Asia, Iran and Pakistan reported elevated influenza activity, Oman reported increased influenza activity and Bahrain reported a decline in influenza activity. Qatar also reported a decline in influenza activity but remained at elevated levels.

In Northern Africa, influenza activity continued at low, inter-seasonal levels. Few influenza virus detections were reported by countries in tropical Africa. In temperate countries of the Southern Hemisphere, respiratory virus activity was generally low in recent weeks with low levels of influenza virus detections reported.

Source: World Health Organization (WHO), 2015. Influenza Update Number 253 (12/28/15). Retrieved on December 31, 2015, from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/ Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: The data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period due to the following factors:

- Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- > The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate, up-to-date influenza data available.

- For general information on influenza, visit flu.delaware.gov or http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html.
- For specific information on DPH flu clinics, visit http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/fluclinics.html.
- For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology: 302-744-4990.
- For questions regarding influenza vaccination, please call 302-744-1060.