

Delaware Weekly Influenza Report MMWR Week 1 (December 31, 2017 – January 6, 2018) Delaware Division of Public Health

National Influenza Synopsis 2017-2018:

National data are updated Friday of each week. Please visit http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/ for the most current information. During MMWR Week 1 (December 31, 2017 – January 6, 2018) influenza activity increased in the United States. The most frequently identified influenza virus subtype reported by public health laboratories during week 1 was influenza A(H3). The percentage of respiratory specimens testing positive for influenza in clinical laboratories remained elevated.

<u>Widespread influenza activity</u> was reported by 49 states. <u>Regional influenza activity</u> was reported by Hawaii and Guam. <u>Local influenza activity</u> was reported by the District of Columbia. <u>Sporadic influenza activity</u> was reported by the U.S. Virgin Islands. Puerto Rico did not report. Both national and state data are provisional and subject to change as additional reports are received.

Delaware Influenza Surveillance 2017-2018:

During MMWR Week 1, there were 184 laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza reported among Delaware residents, bringing the total to 555 confirmed cases for the 2017-2018 season. Reports of influenza-like illness (ILI) received from participating providers, facilities and institutions in Delaware show ILI is 0.60% compared with Delaware's 2017-2018 baseline of 2.0%. Nationally, ILI is 5.8% compared with the 2017-2018 national baseline of 2.2%.

Level of Influenza Activity in Delaware, MMWR Week 01:

Widespread

Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

Influenza-like illness (ILI) is defined as patients presenting with fever of 100° F or greater, cough and/or sore throat in the absence of a known cause other than influenza.

No Activity: No laboratory-confirmed cases of influenza and no reported increase in the number of cases of ILI.

Sporadic: Small numbers of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases or a single laboratory-confirmed influenza outbreak has been reported, but there is no increase in cases of ILI.

Local: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in a single region of the state.

Regional: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least two but less than half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in those regions.³

Widespread: Outbreaks of influenza or increases in ILI cases and recent laboratory-confirmed influenza in at least half the regions of the state with recent laboratory evidence of influenza in the state.

³ Region = population under surveillance in a defined geographical subdivision of a state. Regions typically include several counties. Regional doesn't apply to states with ≤ four counties.

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¹ 2017-2018 Region 3 (DE, DC, MD, PA, VA and WV) baseline = 2.0%.

² Laboratory-confirmed case = case confirmed by viral culture or PCR.

Table 1a. Influenza positive¹ cases reported² statewide and county by subtype (A) or lineage (B)³, Delaware 2017-18

	rmed Flu s by Subtype / ge	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	Week 1	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	2	3	8	5	22		
ш	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	6	15	9	11	14	21	81	555	
STATEWIDE	A / no subtype	0	0	0	4	2	4	7	4	6	17	31	59	80	107	321		
l li	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	7	8	7	26		
ST/	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	2	4	18	32	43	103		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	4	2	10		
o o	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	1	5	13	9	9	13	17	70		43.2%
New Castle County	A / no subtype	0	0	0	1	0	1	3	3	2	7	2	10	16	39	84	240	
w Cast	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	6	5	7	21		
Š	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	10	22	17	53		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	3	9		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	2	5		
Kent	A / no subtype	0	0	0	3	1	2	2	1	2	2	8	16	27	24	88	116	20.9%
조양	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116	20.9%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	3	8	14		
	A / 2009 H1N1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	3		
	A / 2012 H3N2	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	2	6		
Sussex	A / no subtype	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	2	8	21	33	37	44	149	400	25.00/
တ္တီ လ	B / Yamagata	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3	0	5	- 199 	35.9%
	B / Victoria	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	B / no lineage	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	1	7	7	18	36		

Table 1b. Influenza positive1 cases reported2 statewide and county by age group, Delaware 2017-18

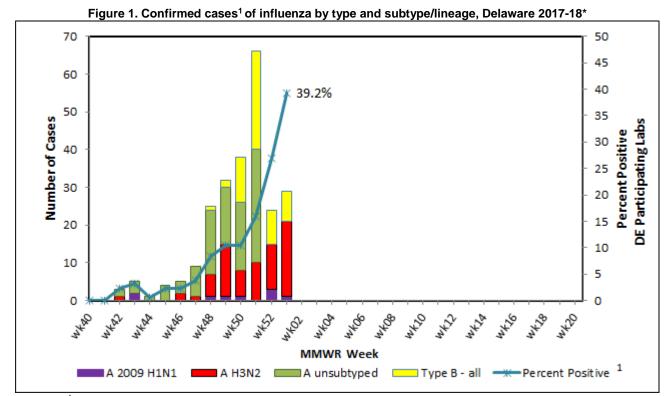
	rmed Flu s by Age	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	Week 1	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
ш	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	4	3	10	15	19	54		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	2	7	9	19	26	31	98		
1 2	25-49 years	0	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	3	5	5	20	34	36	108	555	
Ι¥	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	5	4	15	13	33	32	108		
0)	65+ years	0	0	1	2	2	2	4	2	5	15	17	36	35	66	187		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	2	5	7	8	25		43.2%
× if	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	4	3	8	13	14	46	240	
w Cast	25-49 years	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	1	4	0	8	20	12	48		
New Castle County	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	1	6	6	12	17	47		
z	65+ years	0	0	1	1	1	0	2	1	4	11	4	8	9	32	74		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	4	10		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	6	9	9	27		
Kent County	25-49 years	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	2	3	10	20	116	20.9%
ㅈ 호	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	3	2	6	5	22		
	65+ years	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	4	7	12	9	37	1	
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	3	4	7	19		
ty is	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	5	5	4	8	25		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	10	11	14	40	199	35.9%
S O	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	6	5	15	10	39		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	3	9	21	14	25	76		

¹ Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Division of Public Health.

MMWR Week 1 = December 31, 2017 – January 6, 2018.

² Reports are by the date the laboratory results are obtained. As a result, prior weeks' counts may be adjusted to reflect additional cases received.

³ The Division of Public Health Laboratory now has the capability to identify lineage for Influenza B. Since some laboratories in the state do not have this capability, those influenza cases will be categorized as Influenza B, no lineage identified.



Based on patients with positive nucleic acid or viral culture test results reported to the Delaware Division of Public Health. Data Source: Season 2017 - 2018 Influenza Positive Specimens from Delaware, Reported by WHO/NREVSS Collaborating Laboratories

Table 2. Influenza-related hospitalizations statewide and county, by age group, Delaware 2017-18

	italized Flu s by Age o	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	Week 1	YTD	YTD Total	YTD County %
ш	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	1	5		
STATEWIDE	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	1	5		
E	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	2	8	146	
T.	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	1	8	2	9	11	35		
	65+ years	0	0	1	2	1	1	1	2	3	11	9	10	16	36	93		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	4		
y te	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	1	4		
New Castle County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	3	0	6	88	60.3%
္ကိ ပိ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	3	2	6	8	22		
Z	65+ years	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	3	10	3	4	4	23	52		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	
Kent County	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2		17.8%
ㅈ 호	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	0	2	6		
	65+ years	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	2	7	4	18		
	0-4 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
ž ž	5-24 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1		
Sussex	25-49 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	21.9%
တ လ	50-64 years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	1	7		
	65+ years	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	4	5	9	23		

Table 3. Influenza-related deaths, Delaware 2017-18

	uenza- ated	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43	Week 44	Week 45	Week 46	Week 47	Week 48	Week 49	Week 50	Week 51	Week 52	Week 1	YTD
Dea	aths	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2

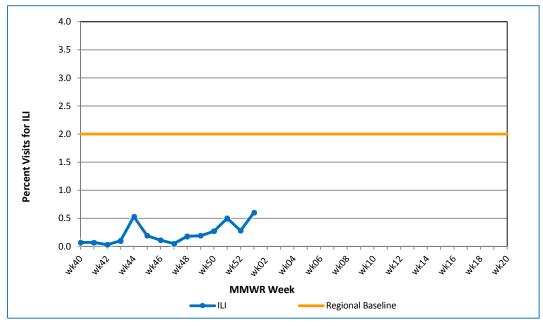
Table 4. Annual number of influenza cases reported by flu season, Delaware 2004-05 through 2017-18

Influenza Season	Total Annual Influenza Cases
2004 – 2005	995
2005 – 2006	541
2006 – 2007	508
2007 – 2008	1,401
2008 – 2009	738
2009 – 2010	2,247
2010 – 2011	1,479
2011 – 2012	267
2012 – 2013	1,781
2013 – 2014	1,842
2014 – 2015	2,390
2015 – 2016	1,842
2016 – 2017	4,590
2017 – 2018 (YTD)	555

U.S. Outpatient Influenza-Like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) Sentinel Providers

An ILINet (sentinel) provider conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in collaboration with the Division of Public Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). Data reported by ILINet providers, in combination with other influenza surveillance data, provide a national and statewide picture of influenza activity in the U.S.

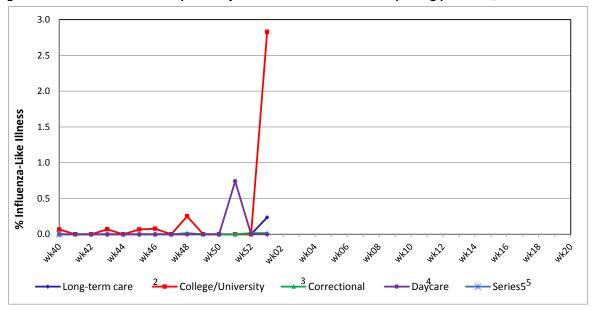
Figure 2. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness reported by sentinel providers¹ participating in the U.S. Outpatient ILI Surveillance Network (ILINet), Delaware 2017-18



¹ Twelve of 13 sentinel providers reported.

² Regional baseline is calculated by CDC using non-influenza weeks from the previous three influenza seasons. Delaware is in Region 3 that also includes DC, MD, PA, VA and WV.

Figure 3. Influenza-like illness reported by influenza surveillance ILI reporting partners¹, Delaware 2017-18



¹ ILINet reporting partners include long-term care facilities, colleges / universities, correctional facilities and daycare facilities.

Figure 4a. Percentage of emergency department (ED) visits due to ILI/Flu by MMWR Week, Delaware 2017-18

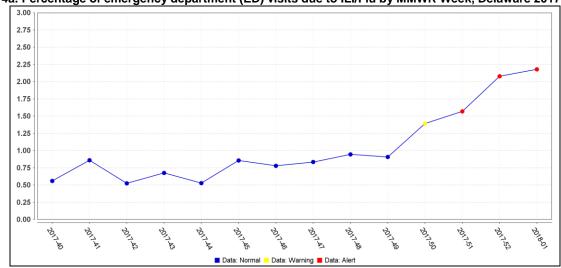
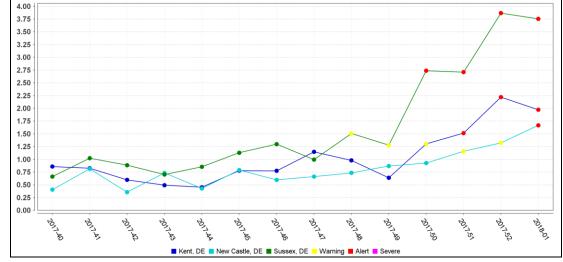


Figure 4b. County-specific percentages of ED visits due to ILI/Flu by MMWR Week, Delaware 2017-18



 $^{^2\ \%}$ ILI= percentage of residents with ILI symptoms. Siz long-term care facilities reported.

 $^{^{3}}$ % ILI= percentage of student visits for ILI; One university reported.

 $^{^4}$ % ILI= percentage of visits for ILI at the correctional facility; Nine correctional facilities reported.

 $^{^{\}rm 5}$ % ILI= percentage of children absent with ILI; One daycare provider reported.

Summary of International Influenza Activity

Worldwide, influenza A(H3N2) and B viruses accounted for the majority of influenza detections although influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were predominant in some countries. Influenza activity continued to increase in the temperate zone of the northern hemisphere while in the temperate zone of the southern hemisphere activity was at inter-seasonal levels.

In North America, overall influenza activity continued to increase in the region, with detections of predominantly influenza A(H3N2) viruses.

In the Caribbean and Central American countries, low to no influenza activity was reported.

In Europe, influenza activity increased above baseline levels in most countries in Northern and Southwestern Europe with sharp increases in respiratory illness indicators in some countries. Activity remained low in countries in Eastern Europe. Influenza B virus detections remained frequent and the subtype of the influenza A viruses detected varied depending on the country and the surveillance system (outpatient or inpatient systems).

In Western Asia, increasing influenza activity was reported in Israel and Jordan with predominantly influenza B and A(H1N1)pdm09 virus detections, respectively. In Central Asia, low to no influenza activity was reported. In Southern Asia, increased influenza activity was reported in Iran with detection of all seasonal subtypes. In South East Asia, low levels of influenza activity were reported. In East Asia, influenza activity continued to increase in recent weeks. In both Northern and Southern China, ILI and influenza activity continued to increase, with influenza B Yamagata-lineage viruses predominantly detected followed by influenza A(H3N2) viruses. Increasing detections of influenza B and A(H3N2) viruses were reported in the Republic of Korea.

In Northern Africa, influenza activity was predominantly due to influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 virus detections. Activity increased in Egypt and Morocco; and Tunisia reported sharp increases in activity. In Western Africa, influenza activity continued at lower levels compared to previous weeks. Detections of predominantly influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses were reported from Burkina Faso, Côte d'Ivoire, Ghana and Togo. In Middle Africa, Cameroon reported activity with influenza A and B viruses and the Democratic Republic of Congo reported detections of influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 viruses. In Eastern Africa, sporadic influenza detections were reported in Madagascar, Mozambique, and the United Republic of Tanzania.

In the tropical countries of South America, low to no influenza activity was reported.

In the temperate zone of the Southern Hemisphere, influenza activity decreased overall to inter-seasonal levels.

Reference: World Health Organization (WHO), 2017. Influenza Update number 306 (1/8/18). Retrieved January 12, 2018, from http://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/. Reports are updated biweekly.

NOTE: Data provided do not reflect the total number of individuals who have been infected with the influenza virus in Delaware during the reporting period due to the following factors:

- Many people ill with influenza-like symptoms do not seek medical care.
- > Many who do seek medical care are not tested for influenza.
- > The Delaware Public Health Laboratory is limited by capacity to processing a maximum of three specimens per day from each reporting entity.

The Delaware Division of Public Health (DPH) is committed to serving you better by providing the most accurate, up-to-date influenza data available.

- For general information on influenza, visit <u>flu.delaware.gov</u> or <u>http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/dpc/immunize-flu.html.</u>
- > For specific information on DPH flu clinics, visit http://dhss.delaware.gov/dhss/dph/fluclinics.html.
- For questions on Delaware's weekly flu report, call the DPH Office of Infectious Disease Epidemiology: 302-744-4990.
- ➤ For questions regarding influenza vaccination, please call 302-744-1060.